

Mathsoc Problem Solving 2019/2020

Week 2

23/09/2019

- Prove that for all natural numbers n , $1 + 2 + 3 + \dots + n = \frac{n(n+1)}{2}$
 - Now prove that $1^3 + 2^3 + \dots + n^3 = (1 + 2 + \dots + n)^2$
- (Trinidad and Tobago selection test 2016) Let P, Q, R be points on the sides AB, BC and CA respectively, of a triangle ABC such that $AP = CQ$ and the quadrilateral $RPBQ$ is cyclic. The tangents to the circumcircle of triangle ABC at the points C and A intersect the lines RQ and RP at the points X and Y , respectively.
Prove that $RX = RY$.
- (Problem solving strategies, Arthur Engel) $2n$ players are participating in a tennis tournament. Find the number P_n of pairings for the first round.
- (Irish Mathematical Olympiad 2017) A line segment B_0B_n is divided into n equal parts at points B_1, B_2, \dots, B_{n-1} and A is a point such that $\angle B_0AB_n$ is a right angle. Prove that

$$\sum_{k=0}^n |AB_k|^2 = \sum_{k=0}^n |B_0B_k|^2$$

- (Berkeley Problems in Mathematics) Let $f(x)$ be a real-valued function defined for all $x \geq 1$, satisfying $f(1) = 1$ and

$$f'(x) = \frac{1}{x^2 + f(x)^2}$$

Show that $\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} f(x)$ exists, and is less than $1 + \frac{\pi}{4}$

- (Josephus Problem, also featured on Numberphile) n people stand in a circle, waiting to be executed. The first person is killed. After that, it goes clockwise, the first alive person is spared but the second alive person is killed; continuing until there is only one person left.
Where should a person stand in the circle to ensure that they are the last surviving person?
- (Putnam preparation) Let A, B be two $n \times n$ matrices such that $AB = BA$. Prove that if \mathbf{v} is an eigenvector for A , then $B\mathbf{v}$ is an eigenvector for A as well.
(v is an eigenvector of a matrix A if there exists a constant λ such that $Av = \lambda v$)

8. (*French IMO selection test 2003*) Find the minimum value of $a_1a_2a_3 + b_1b_2b_3 + c_1c_2c_3$ over all permutations $a_1, a_2, a_3, b_1, b_2, b_3, c_1, c_2, c_3$ of $\{1, 2, \dots, 9\}$

9. (*IMO 2019*) Find all pairs of positive integers (k, n) satisfyig the following equation:

$$k! = (2^n - 1)(2^n - 2)(2^n - 4) \cdots (2^n - 2^{n-1})$$

10. (*Putnam 2007*) Find all values of α for which the curves $y = \alpha x^2 + \alpha x + \frac{1}{24}$ and $x = \alpha y^2 + \alpha y + \frac{1}{24}$ are tangent to each other.

Weekly Problem: Let $f(x)$ be a continuous real-valued function defined on $[0, 1]$. Find the maximum value of the following expression:

$$\int_0^1 x^2 f(x) - x f(x)^2 dx$$

Try to solve it without using Euler-Lagrange!